

HTML

Key Vocabulary

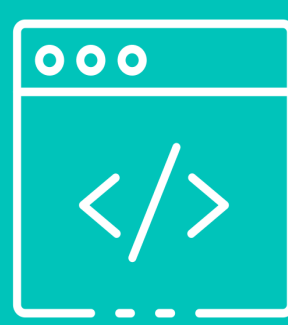


Element

Each individual piece of content on a web page is an element (text, images, links, etc).

```
<h1>This is my page heading</h1>
```

Text Element Example



Tag

Elements are made up of tags. Typically, tags come in pairs: a start tag and an end tag, noted by a forward slash (/).

```
<h1>Heading 1</h1>
<h2>Heading 2</h2>
<p>Paragraph</p>

```

Common Tags



Attribute

Attributes provide additional information about elements. Images and links require attributes to work properly.

```
<a href="www.google.com">
  Look it up!</a>
```

Attribute Linking to Website Example

Common Elements



Headings

- Headings are the only HTML elements that use numbers.
- <h1> should be used only once per page.

```
<h1>My large heading</h1>
<h6>My small heading</h6>
```

Heading Examples
(They have six sizes.)

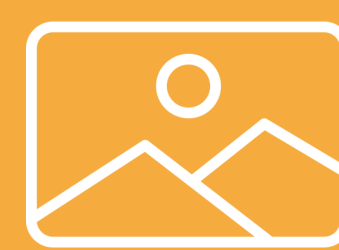


Paragraph

- Try using a
 tag to add line breaks within paragraphs.

```
<p>The fox jumps over the lazy dog.</p>
```

Paragraph Example



Image

- The image element is a single tag.
- The src (source) attribute is required.

```

```

Image Example



Anchor

- Anchor tags can be used to link text or images.
- The href (hypertext reference) attribute is required.

```
<a href="www.example.com">Click me</a>
```

Anchor (Link) Example



List

- Any number of (list items) can be nested within a list.
- Try for an ordered list.

```
<ul>
  <li>Item 1</li>
  <li>Item 2</li>
</ul>
```

List Example



Div

- Div tags <div> are useful for grouping and organizing page content.

```
<div>Web page content</div>
```

Div Example